

#### **Overview**

This standard identifies the requirements when leading and managing effective systems and practice for communication in settings where individuals are cared for or supported. This includes leading practice that promotes person centred communication systems, adapting your own communication in a range of situations and leading the implementation and improvement of systems that promote effective communication. The standard also identifies how to maintain effective practice in communication through the use of recording and reporting.

Performance criteria		
	Lead and manage practice that promotes person centred on systems	communication
You must be able to:	P1 promote a culture of <b>active participation</b> that enab <b>key people</b> and <b>others</b> to <b>communicate</b> their preferences	
	P2 ensure that a <b>person centred/child centred</b> appro when you and others communicate with individuals	
	P3 ensure that key people and others communicate in recognises the confidentiality of the communication	a way that
	P4 lead the review of the communication and language and needs of individuals with whom you and others	e preferences
	P5 lead the evaluation of factors which may present <b>ba</b> <b>communication</b> and participation	
	P6 support others to understand and overcome barriers communication and participation	s to individuals'
	P7 support others to understand the potential impact of styles and methods on short, medium and long-tern individuals	
	<ul> <li>P8 ensure that individuals are supported to engage wit participation when communicating their decisions al risks affecting their lives</li> </ul>	
	P9 ensure that individuals have access to records and themselves in accessible formats	reports on
	P10 ensure that individuals are supported to understand records and reports on themselves	the content of
	P11 provide opportunities for individuals to comment up concerns, challenge or complain about the content reports on themselves	-
	Adapt your own communication in a range of situations	
You must be able to:	P12 reflect on the methods, styles and skills that you us	
	P13 communicate and engage with individuals and key P13 develop and use different methods, styles and skills communicate and engage with individuals and key	sto
	P14 modify the content and structure of your own comm account of the purpose of the communication	· ·
	P15 critically evaluate how environments support comm participation	unication and
	P16 modify the content and structure of your communica needs and concerns of individuals and key people	ation to meet the
	P17 change or adapt environments to improve communi participation	cation and

- P18 communicate in ways that respect the rights, views and concerns of individuals and key people, using the individuals' preferred methods of communication and language Lead and manage the implementation of effective communication systems You must be able to: P19 use a range of skills, systems and methods to promote effective communications between your team and individuals, key people and others P20 ensure that your team and others communicate in ways that respect the rights, views and concerns of individuals and key people, using the individuals' preferred methods of communication and language P21 lead work with others to promote effective communication through the use of **specific aids** or extra support according to individual preferences and needs P22 support others to change or adapt environments to improve communication and participation P23 lead work with individuals, key people and others to understand and address differing views and opinions P24 develop an environment in which others are able to discuss their progress and share any concerns or challenges they are facing P25 use supervision and learning and development opportunities to manage and support your team to develop the skills and abilities needed to communicate effectively with individuals, key people and others Lead and manage improvement in the effectiveness of communication systems You must be able to: P26 support the active participation of individuals in evaluating the effectiveness of communication systems P27 agree the information to be collected for evaluating communication systems and when it needs to be made available P28 critically evaluate the effectiveness of communication systems in supporting individuals and key people P29 critically evaluate the effectiveness of communication systems in
  - promoting integrated partnership working P20 critically evaluate the effectiveness of communication systems in
  - P30 critically evaluate the effectiveness of communication systems in responding to comments and complaints
  - P31 make evaluation information available in accessible forms and at appropriate times for it to inform decision-making activities
  - P32 make recommendations for improvements to communication systems based on the evaluation information collected and other **evidence**
  - P33 change systems to enable more effective communication between

individuals, key people and others, where the changes are within the scope of your expertise and responsibility

P34 seek information and advice where changes required are outside the scope of your expertise and responsibility

## Lead and manage effective practice in the use of records and reports for communication

- You must be able to: P35 ensure that legal, work-setting and inter-agency **policies and procedures** for accessing and completing records and reports are used by yourself and others
  - P36 ensure that evidence is provided by yourself and others for judgements and decisions within records and reports, including where this is based on informed opinion
  - P37 ensure that evidence which clarifies and supports judgements and decisions is recorded by yourself and others
  - P38 ensure that evidence which conflicts with judgements and decisions is recorded by yourself and others
  - P39 ensure that records and reports that encompass best practice, positive achievements and outcomes for individuals are produced by yourself and others
  - P40 ensure that records and reports are produced by yourself and others that are accurate, concise, objective, understandable and legible
  - P41 ensure that information in records and reports is accessible to individuals and in a format appropriate to their communication needs and preferences
  - P42 where records and reports are to be used for decision-making, confirm their accuracy and the accuracy of accompanying evidence with all those they concern
  - P43 ensure that records and reports are presented to others who need to make decisions or to take actions
  - P44 ensure that any signatures that are required are secured
  - P45 document any conflicts, disagreements, unmet needs or risks associated with recording and reporting
  - P46 encourage those who use records and reports produced by your service provision to discuss feedback with you
  - P47 take action in response to feedback from those who use records and reports produced by your service provision
  - P48 ensure records and reports are stored and shared within confidentiality agreements and according to legal, work-setting and inter-agency agreements and requirements

# Knowledge and understanding

Rights

	Nights	
You need to know and understand:	K1	legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, discrimination and rights
	K2	your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which promote individuals' rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation
	K3	your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of individuals
	K4	how to <b>critically evaluate</b> and take informed action against discrimination
	K5	the rights that individuals have to make complaints and be supported to do so
	K6	how to ensure that individuals are informed about the service they can expect to receive
	K7	your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which ensure that individuals have access to information about themselves in a format they can understand
	K8	conflicts and dilemmas that may arise in relation to rights and how to address them
	Your pra	ctice
You need to know and understand:	K9	legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard
	K10	your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice
	K11	your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits and boundaries
	K12	the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work
	K13	how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working
	K14	the meaning of person-centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting each person as an individual
	K15	the prime importance of the interests and well-being of the individual
	K16	the individual's cultural and language context
	K17	how to build trust and rapport in a relationship
	K18	how your <b>power and influence</b> as a leader and manager can impact on relationships
	K19	the role of independent representation and advocacy for individuals

	K20	how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain individuals' dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences
	K21	how to work in ways that achieve positive outcomes for individuals
	K22	how to manage resources to deliver services that meet targets and achieve positive outcomes for individuals
	K23	how to distinguish between <b>outputs</b> and <b>outcomes</b>
	K24	how to work in partnership with individuals, key people and others
	K25	how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work
	K26	how to challenge and address poor practice
	K27	how to address concerns and complaints
	K28	how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise
	K29	the nature and impact of factors that may affect the health,
		wellbeing and development of individuals you care for or support
	K30	theories underpinning our understanding of human development and factors that affect it
	Personal	lisation and resources
You need to know and understand:	K31	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about empowerment and citizen directed services
	K32	how to identify and promote the potential of individuals to use their
		personal strengths and resources to achieve change
	K33	the value and role of family networks, communities and groups in
		achieving positive outcomes, and ways to develop them
	K34	the nature of <b>personalisation</b> and personalised services, including self directed support
	K35	the range of resources available within informal networks, within the wider community, through formal service provision and through innovation
	K36	how assistive technology can be used to support the independence of individuals
	K37	how to lead, manage and support others to plan, deliver and review personalised services with individuals
	Continui	ng professional development
You need to know and	K38	principles of reflective practice and why it is important
understand:	K30 K39	
		your role in developing the professional knowledge and practice of others
	K40	how to promote evidence based practice
	K41	methods of managing performance to meet targets and achieve positive outcomes

	K42	how to assess performance
	K43	how to provide constructive feedback to others on their practice and performance
	K44	how to address performance that does not meet required standards
	K45	how to use supervision to support the practice and performance of others
	K46	how to use appraisal to support the practice and performance of others
	K47	systems, procedures and practices for managing workloads
	K48	methods for delegating work
	Commur	nication
You need to know and understand:	K49	factors that can affect communication and language skills and their development in children, young people or adults
	K50	methods to promote effective communication and enable individuals to communicate their needs, views and preferences
	K51	factors that can affect communication within and between
	K52	organisations methods to promote effective communication within and between
	N02	organisations
	Health a	nd Safety
You need to know and	K53	legal and statutory requirements for health and safety
understand:	K54	your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment
	Safe-gua	ırding
You need to know and understand:	K55	legislation and national policy relating to the safe-guarding and protection of children, young people and adults
	K56	the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices
	K57	indicators of potential harm or abuse
	K58	how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, poor or
		discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties
	K59	what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to address them
	K60	local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures that relate to safeguarding and protection from harm or abuse
	K61	how to support others who have expressed concerns about harm or
		abuse

## Lead and manage effective communication systems and practice

#### Multi-disciplinary working

You need to know and understand:	K62 K63 K64 K65	the purpose of working with other professionals and agencies the remit and responsibilities of other professionals and agencies involved in multi-disciplinary work features of multi-disciplinary and interagency communication how different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice can affect partnership working
	Handling	information
You need to know and understand:	K66	legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information
	K67	legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
	K68	principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information
	K69	how to support the effective sharing of information to achieve positive outcomes for individuals
	K70	how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
	K71	how to use evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion to support professional judgements in records and reports
	K72	how and where electronic communications can and should be used for communicating, recording and reporting
	Leading	and managing practice
You need to know and understand:	K73	how to <b>critically analyse</b> theories about <b>leadership</b> and management
	K74	standards of practice, service standards and guidance relating to the work setting
	K75 K76	national and local initiatives to promote the well-being of individuals models of practice for the use of early interventions
	K77	lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care practice and from successful interventions
	K78	methods of supporting others to work with and support individuals, key people and others
	K79	how to lead and manage practice that achieves positive outcomes for individuals
	K80	methods of supporting others to recognise and take informed action against discrimination
	K81	how to develop systems, practices, policies and procedures
	K82	how to implement, monitor and evaluate systems, practices, policies

		and procedures
	K83	how to promote the services and facilities of your work- setting
	K84	techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
	K85	how to motivate others
	K86	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories
		and models of good practice about change management
	K87	how to use change management techniques
	Risk ma	nagement
You need to know and understand:	K88	how to critically evaluate principles and frameworks of risk assessment and risk management
	K89	principles of positive risk-taking
	K90	how to lead others to develop practice that supports positive risk- taking
	Managin	ig people
You need to know and	K91	legal and work-setting requirements for employment practices
understand:	K92	internal and external governance arrangements for the work-setting
	K93	factors that can lead to pressures on the service, individual and team performance
	K94	how to manage time, resources and workload of self and others
	K95	how to manage team dynamics
	K96	how to create a culture that promotes openness, creativity and problem solving
	K97	how to create a culture that supports people to embrace change
	Specific	to this NOS
You need to know and understand:	K98	how and where to access literature, information and support to inform how you lead practice for communication and communication systems
	K99	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about communication, including barriers and how to overcome them
	K100	how communication abilities and differences can affect the identity, self-esteem and self-image of individuals
	K101	
	K102	methods of supporting individuals to communicate their preferences, views and feelings
	K103	the range of skills, styles and methods that promote good practice in communication
	K104	the range of specialist support and equipment that can assist the

communication of individuals with specific communication needs

- K105 the benefits and risks of using **technology** as a means of communication with individuals and others
- K106 communication systems, structures and practice and how to evaluate and improve them
- K107 the different types of data that can be used within reports and records and which are best for records or reports you need to access, complete, use and develop
- K108 the use of evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion in records and reports and why it is important to differentiate between these and make clear the source of evidence

#### **Additional Information**

#### Scope/range related to performance criteria

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS

Note: Where an individual finds it difficult or impossible to express their own preferences and make decisions about their life, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of advocates or others who are able to represent the views and best interests of the individual

Where there are language differences within the work setting, achievement of this standard may require the involvement of interpreters or translation services

Active participation is a way of working that regards individuals as active partners in their own care or support rather than passive recipients. Active participation recognises each individual's right to participate in the activities and relationships of everyday life as independently as possible

**Barriers to communication** may include those relating to the physical environment; to interpersonal relationships and the emotional environment; to working practices; to the availability of resources including human or other aids or assistance; to the limitations of your own or other people's communication skills or attentiveness; to cultural contexts; to the specific circumstances of the individual including disability, disadvantage, anxiety or distress

To **communicate** may include using the individual's preferred spoken language; the use of signs; the use of symbols or pictures, writing, objects of reference, communication passports; the use of touch; other non verbal forms of communication; human and technological aids to communication

**Critically evaluate** is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decisionmaking

**Evidence** may be based on research; knowledge; quantitative data; qualitative data; facts (times, dates, age, information about conditions etc). Your own

opinion should be informed by practice and knowledge and should not go beyond your competence

The **individual** is the adult, child or young person you support or care for in your work

**Key people** are those who are important to an individual and who can make a difference to his or her well-being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the individual has a supportive relationship

**Information** would include that required to meet legislation, regulation and organisational requirements, performance management indicators and information that supports positive outcomes for individuals

**Others** are workers that you manage, your colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role

**Person centred/child centred** approaches are those that fully recognise the uniqueness of the individual and establish this as the basis for planning and delivery of care and support

**Policies and procedures** are formally agreed and binding ways of working that apply in many settings. Where policies and procedures do not exist, the term includes other agreed ways of working

**Specific aids** enable individuals with speaking, sight or hearing difficulties, additional needs or learning disabilities to receive and respond to information

Scope/range related to knowledge and understanding The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

In relation to all knowledge statements you need to know and understand the specified areas of knowledge and be able to critically apply the knowledge and understanding in your leadership and management practice

**Critically analyse** is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

**Critically evaluate** is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decisionmaking

**Employment practices** should include recruitment, performance management, disciplinary procedures, grievance procedures

**Evidence based practice** uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and those involved in the delivery of care services

Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development may include adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic spectrum disorder; dementia; family circumstances; frailty; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); mental health; physical disability; physical ill health; poverty; profound or complex needs;

sensory needs; social deprivation; substance misuse

**Leadership** is the ability to provide strategic direction and a sense of purpose. Effective leaders create a sense of trust, confidence and belief, inspiring people to adopt the values and behaviours they promote. They are innovative, creative and motivating

**Management** is the ability to set the operational direction and organise the effective running of the service provision to meet the overall service needs including ethical, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements. Effective managers facilitate and organise resources in order to optimise the performance of others, allowing them to carry out tasks and achieve goals efficiently and effectively. They provide clarity and accountability that enable teams to meet their objectives

**Outcomes** are the changes or differences that individuals or care services are trying to achieve. Hard outcomes are changes that are clear and obvious, or those that involve a visible change in people's behaviour or circumstances. Soft outcomes are changes that are less easy to observe and measure, or those that involve more subtle changes inside people such as a change in someone's attitude, sense of well-being or how they see or feel about themselves

**Outputs** are the tangible products, services or facilities that are a result of organisational activities or the activities of those involved in the delivery of the service provision. Outputs may be used to achieve outcomes

**Personalisation** can be defined as 'changing the power balance so that each person really does have choice and control over the care services that they want. From being a recipient of services, individuals become involved in selecting and shaping the services they use'. Personalisation is a social care approach that encompasses citizen-directed support; self-directed support; the use of direct payments or personal budgets; the provision of accessible information and advice on care and support and the promotion of independence and self-reliance amongst individuals and communities

Depending on how it is used the **power and influence** of leaders and managers may have either a positive or negative effect upon relationships

**Technology** could include electronic means of communication for example skype

#### Lead and manage effective communication systems and practice

Values

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

To be treated as an individual

To be treated equally and not be discriminated against

To be respected

To have privacy

To be treated in a dignified way

To be protected from danger and harm

To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them

To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language

To access information about themselves

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