Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home



Overview

This standard identifies the requirements when managing and supervising workers to carry out care and support within individuals' homes. It also identifies the requirements when dealing with day to day changes and emergencies.

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Performance criteria

Manage the systems and processes that support workers to carry out care and support for individuals in their home

You must be able to:

- P1 follow legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements when providing workers to carry out care and support for **individuals** in their home
- P2 ensure that individuals, **key people** and **others** are aware of what can be expected from the service provision and those delivering it
- P3 ensure that workers are provided with a written job description, person specification and contract that outlines their role, responsibilities and accountabilities
- P4 ensure that workers are clear about their role, responsibilities and accountabilities, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements, Codes of Practice, systems, policies and practice they must follow in their work
- P5 ensure that workers understand their role, responsibilities and accountabilities when working with other professionals involved in the care and support of individuals
- P6 ensure that arrangements are made for the induction of new workers that meets legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
- P7 ensure that workers adhere to systems, policies and organisational practice requirements
- P8 gather information from individuals, key people and others about the practice of workers
- P9 use observations of workers to assess their knowledge, understanding and practice
- P10 set up effective communication systems and methods that support the co-ordination and management of workers at a distance
- P11 support clear communication and information sharing with individuals and others
- P12 manage handover procedures that provide clear information sharing and continuity of service
- P13 ensure that workers complete records about key events and activities according to legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
- P14 develop policies and procedures that support safe **lone working** practices
- P15 carry out **risk assessments** to support lone working practices
- P16 ensure that there are clear systems and processes in place to ensure that individuals, key people and workers are not at risk

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

P17	support workers to respond appropriately to any physical or verbal aggression from individuals or key people
P18	ensure that workers have an up to date work schedule
P19	ensure that workers are follow care or support plans for individuals
P20	ensure that workers are clear about their time allocation and the activities they are required to carry out to support an individual
P21	ensure that workers communicate any difficulties related to the individual or the activities they are required to carry out
P22	seek feedback from individuals and key people about the service they receive

Manage the supervision and support of staff that contributes to the achievement of positive outcomes for individuals

You must be able to:

hievement of positive outcomes for individuals				
P23	implement systems, procedures and practices for supervision and performance reviews in the context of legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements			
P24	ensure that written agreements for supervision and performance reviews are in place for all workers			
P25	ensure that all workers receive regular supervision			
P26	create a culture that supports exchange of information and			
	constructive feedback in supervision and performance reviews			
P27	ensure that records from supervision and performance reviews are accurate and completed within agreed timescales			
P28	ensure that all workers have a personal development plan that identifies their learning and development needs			
P29	critically analyse the knowledge, understanding and skills of the current workforce			
P30	plan the development of the workforce to meet identified gaps in knowledge, understanding and skills and future needs			
P31	provide development opportunities to support the safe and effective practice of workers			
P32	provide development opportunities to support workers to prepare for new roles and responsibilities			
P33	provide additional support to workers who do not feel able to carry out any aspect of their work			
P34	critically evaluate how development opportunities have supported			

the achievement of positive outcomes for individuals

between workers or with individuals or key people

workers or with individuals or key people

critically evaluate situations that may lead to conflicts between

develop strategies to address situations that may lead to conflicts

P35

P36

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Manage response to day to day changes and emergencies

You must be able to:

- P37 ensure that a responsible and competent person is on call and contactable during the hours that workers are on duty P38 ensure that workers are clear about the procedures they need to follow when dealing with emergency situations, accidents or incidents P39 respond promptly when emergency situations, accidents or incidents are reported P40 ensure that clear and accurate records are kept of any emergency situations, accidents or incidents P41 ensure that workers receive support following the reporting of emergency situations, accidents or incidents P42 evaluate records of emergency situations, accidents and incidents to establish improvements to the service or changes that need to take place P43 reallocate workforce resources to respond to day to day changes and emergencies ensure that individuals and key people are promptly informed of any P44 changes to their care service arrangements P45 ensure that workers are promptly informed of any changes to their
- P46 review contingency arrangements for unplanned and unforeseen

work schedule

circumstances

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Knowledge and understanding

	_	_
- 0	:~	hts
	ш	ms

You need to know and understand:

- K1 legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, discrimination and rights
- K2 your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which promote individuals' rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation
- K3 your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of individuals
- K4 how to **critically evaluate** and take informed action against discrimination
- K5 the rights that individuals have to make complaints and be supported to do so.
- K6 how to ensure that individuals are informed about the service they can expect to receive
- K7 your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which ensure that individuals have access to information about themselves in a format they can understand
- K8 conflicts and dilemmas that may arise in relation to rights and how to address them

Your practice

You need to know and understand:

- K9 legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard
- K10 your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice
- K11 your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits and boundaries
- K12 the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work
- K13 how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working
- K14 the meaning of person-centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting each person as an individual
- K15 the prime importance of the interests and well-being of the individual
- K16 the individual's cultural and language context
- K17 how to build trust and rapport in a relationship
- K18 how your **power and influence** as a leader and manager can impact on relationships

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

K19 the role of independent representation and advocacy for individuals K20 how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain individuals' dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences K21 how to work in ways that achieve positive outcomes for individuals K22 how to manage resources to deliver services that meet targets and achieve positive outcomes for individuals K23 how to distinguish between outputs and outcomes K24 how to work in partnership with individuals, key people and others K25 how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work K26 how to challenge and address poor practice K27 how to address concerns and complaints K28 how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise K29 the nature and impact of factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development of individuals you care for or support K30 theories underpinning our understanding of human development and factors that affect it

Personalisation and resources

You need to know and understand:

- K31 how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about empowerment and citizen directed services
- K32 how to identify and promote the potential of individuals to use their personal strengths and resources to achieve change
- K33 the value and role of family networks, communities and groups in achieving positive outcomes, and ways to develop them
- K34 the nature of **personalisation** and personalised services, including self directed support
- K35 the range of resources available within informal networks, within the wider community, through formal service provision and through innovation
- K36 how assistive technology can be used to support the independence of individuals
- K37 how to lead, manage and support others to plan, deliver and review personalised services with individuals

Continuing professional development

You need to know and understand:

- K38 principles of reflective practice and why it is important
- K39 your role in developing the professional knowledge and practice of

You need to know and

You need to know and

You need to know and

understand:

understand:

understand:

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

	others
K40	how to promote evidence based practice
K41	methods of managing performance to meet targets and achieve positive outcomes
K42	how to assess performance
K43	how to provide constructive feedback to others on their practice and performance
K44	how to address performance that does not meet required standards
K45	how to use supervision to support the practice and performance of others
K46	how to use appraisal to support the practice and performance of others
K47	systems, procedures and practices for managing workloads
K48	methods for delegating work
Commu	nication
K49	factors that can affect communication and language skills and their development in children, young people or adults
K50	methods to promote effective communication and enable individuals to communicate their needs, views and preferences
K51	factors that can affect communication within and between organisations
K52	methods to promote effective communication within and between organisations
Health a	nd Safety
K53	legal and statutory requirements for health and safety
K54	your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment
Safe-gu	arding
K55	legislation and national policy relating to the safe-guarding and protection of children, young people and adults
K56	the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices
K57	indicators of potential harm or abuse
K58	how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties
K59	what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

address them

- K60 local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures that relate to safeguarding and protection from harm or abuse
- K61 how to support others who have expressed concerns about harm or abuse

Multi-disciplinary working

You need to know and understand:

- K62 the purpose of working with other professionals and agencies
- K63 the remit and responsibilities of other professionals and agencies involved in multi-disciplinary work
- K64 features of multi-disciplinary and interagency communication
- K65 how different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice can affect partnership working

Handling information

You need to know and understand:

- K66 legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information
- K67 legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
- K68 principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information
- K69 how to support the effective sharing of information to achieve positive outcomes for individuals
- K70 how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
- K71 how to use evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion to support professional judgements in records and reports
- K72 how and where electronic communications can and should be used for communicating, recording and reporting

Leading and managing practice

You need to know and understand:

- K73 how to **critically analyse** theories about **leadership** and **management**
- K74 standards of practice, service standards and guidance relating to the work setting
- K75 national and local initiatives to promote the well-being of individuals
- K76 models of practice for the use of early interventions
- K77 lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care practice and from

You need to know and

You need to know and

You need to know and

understand:

understand:

understand:

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

	successful interventions
K78	methods of supporting others to work with and support individuals, key people and others
K79	how to lead and manage practice that achieves positive outcomes for individuals
K80	methods of supporting others to recognise and take informed action against discrimination
K81	how to develop systems, practices, policies and procedures
K82	how to implement, monitor and evaluate systems, practices, policies and procedures
K83	how to promote the services and facilities of your work- setting
K84	techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
K85	how to motivate others
K86	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about change management
K87	how to use change management techniques
Risk ma	nagement
K88	how to critically evaluate principles and frameworks of risk assessment and risk management
K89	principles of positive risk-taking
K90	how to lead others to develop practice that supports positive risk-taking
Managir	ng people
K91	local and work acting requirements for ampleyment practices
_	legal and work-setting requirements for employment practices
K92 K93	internal and external governance arrangements for the work-setting factors that can lead to pressures on the service, individual and team
1/04	performance
K94	how to manage time, resources and workload of self and others
K95 K96	how to manage team dynamics how to create a culture that promotes openness, creativity and
Kao	problem solving
K97	how to create a culture that supports people to embrace change
Specific	to this NOS
K98	how to implement and monitor systems, procedures and practice for safe lone working
K99	how to manage potential or actual situations of conflict or tension

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

between workers or with individuals and key people

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Additional Information

Scope/range related to performance criteria

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS

Care or Support plans are formal plans that must be developed and agreed with the individual and/or those who are able to represent the individual's best interests. It addresses the holistic needs of the individual and contains information on all aspects of that person's care requirements. The care or support plan must underpin the individual's care and support within any health or social care setting

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation.

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

Development opportunities may include a blend of educational programmes, training activities, mentoring, coaching, shadowing, induction, supervision, guided reading, research, action learning sets, peer group discussions

The individual is the person you support or care for in your work

Key people are those who are important to an individual and who can make a difference to his or her well- being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the individual has a supportive relationship

Lone working practice these would include risk assessments, on-call systems, entering and securing the homes of individuals, adhering to Codes of Practice and professional boundaries

Others are workers that you manage, your colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role

Personal development plan is a formal record of areas of strength, areas for development, proposed learning opportunities and timeframes for achievement, developed in collaboration with a supervisor/mentor

Risk assessments should include the safety and well being of the worker and the frisk of physical or verbal aggression

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Scope/range related to knowledge and understanding

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

In relation to all knowledge statements you need to know and understand the specified areas of knowledge and be able to critically apply the knowledge and understanding in your leadership and management practice

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

Employment practices should include recruitment, performance management, disciplinary procedures, grievance procedures

Evidence based practice uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and those involved in the delivery of care services

Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development may include adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

spectrum disorder; dementia; family circumstances; frailty; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); mental health; physical disability; physical ill health; poverty; profound or complex needs; sensory needs; social deprivation; substance misuse

Leadership is the ability to provide strategic direction and a sense of purpose. Effective leaders create a sense of trust, confidence and belief, inspiring people to adopt the values and behaviours they promote. They are innovative, creative and motivating

Management is the ability to set the operational direction and organise the effective running of the service provision to meet the overall service needs including ethical, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements. Effective managers facilitate and organise resources in order to optimise the performance of others, allowing them to carry out tasks and achieve goals efficiently and effectively. They provide clarity and accountability that enable teams to meet their objectives

Outcomes are the changes or differences that individuals or care services are trying to achieve. Hard outcomes are changes that are clear and obvious, or those that involve a visible change in people's behaviour or circumstances. Soft outcomes are changes that are less easy to observe and measure, or those that involve more subtle changes inside people such as a change in someone's attitude, sense of well-being or how they see or feel about themselves

Outputs are the tangible products, services or facilities that are a result of organisational activities or the activities of those involved in the delivery of the service provision. Outputs may be used to achieve outcomes

Personalisation can be defined as 'changing the power balance so that each person really does have choice and control over the care services that they want. From being a recipient of services, individuals become involved in selecting and shaping the services they use'. Personalisation is a social care approach that encompasses citizen-directed support; self-directed support; the use of direct payments or personal budgets; the provision of accessible information and advice on care and support and the promotion of independence and self-reliance amongst individuals and communities

Depending on how it is used the **power and influence** of leaders and managers may have either a positive or negative effect upon relationships

Safe lone working systems, procedures and practice would include risk

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

assessments, on-call systems, entering and securing the homes of individuals, adhering to Codes of Practice and professional boundaries

Values

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

To be treated as an individual

To be treated equally and not be discriminated against

To be respected

To have privacy

To be treated in a dignified way

To be protected from danger and harm

To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them

To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language

To access information about themselves

Manage a dispersed workforce to meet the needs and preferences of individuals at home

Developed by	Skills for Care and Development		
Version number	1		
Date approved	January 2013		
Indicative review date	January 2016		
Validity	Current		
Status	Original		
Originating organisation	Skills for Care and Development		
Original URN	LMCA4		
Relevant occupations	Health and Social Care; Managers and Senior Officials; Health and Social Services Officers; Childcare and Related Personal Services;		
Suite	Leadership and Management in Care Services		
Key words	Managing; supervising; dispersed workforce; at home; emergencies; positive outcomes for individuals		