Market, cost and contract to ensure the viability of your provision of care services



Overview

This standard identifies the requirements when marketing, costing and contracting to ensure the viability of the provision of care services.

Performance criteria		
	Develop	a marketing plan for the development of the service provision
You must be able to:	P1	review systems, procedures and practice for marketing , costing and contracting the service provision in the context of legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
	P2	research potential markets and development opportunities for the service provision
	P3	critically evaluate the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats that exist for the service provision
	P4	identify the unique aspects of the service provision that have marketing potential
	P5	develop relationships and links that will enhance the marketing of the service provision
	P6	identify the resource implications for potential markets and development opportunities
	P7	identify any potential sources of additional funding for potential markets and development opportunities
	P8	compare the quality and pricing of services offered by competitors
	P9	critically analyse the risks and benefits of potential markets and development opportunities
	P10	develop a comprehensive marketing plan that takes account of opportunities to develop the service provision, the unique attributes that the service has to offer, the viability and risks
	•	e and tender for contracts for the continuing functioning and nent of the service provision
	P11	review tendering opportunities for the service provision
You must be able to:	P12	critically evaluate tendering opportunities for the continuing development, viability and functioning of the service provision and the achievement of positive outcomes for individuals
	P13	identify the resource implications for tendering opportunities
	P14	critically analyse the risks and benefits for tendering opportunities
	P15	adhere to the governance of the service provision for marketing, costing and contracting the service provision
	P16	involve relevant others in the tendering process
	P17	follow tendering processes to submit proposals for the delivery of the service provision
	P18	enter into post-contractual negotiations where proposals have been successful
	P19	seek feedback where proposals have been unsuccessful

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Monitor and evaluate marketing and contracting systems, procedures and practice for the service provision

You must be able to:

- P20 gather feedback from relevant others on the effectiveness of the service provision marketing and contracting
- P21 critically analyse the effectiveness of systems, processes and practice for marketing and contracting on the achievement of positive outcomes for individuals, the strategic objectives of the service provision and its continuing development, functioning and viability
- P22 interpret the analysis of the effectiveness of systems, processes and practice to report areas of good practice and areas for improvement
- P23 identify changes required to meet areas that need to be improved
- P24 identify the resources required to implement recommended changes
- P25 agree recommended changes with relevant others

Knowledge and understanding	Rights	
You need to know and understand:	K1	legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, discrimination and rights
	K2	your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which promote individuals' rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation
	K3	your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of individuals
	K4	how to critically evaluate and take informed action against discrimination
	K5	the rights that individuals have to make complaints and be supported to do so
	K6	how to ensure that individuals are informed about the service they can expect to receive
	K7	your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which ensure that individuals have access to information about themselves in a format they can understand
	K8	conflicts and dilemmas that may arise in relation to rights and how to address them
	Your prace	ctice
You need to know and understand:	K9	legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard
	K10	your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice
	K11	your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits and boundaries
	K12	the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work
	K13	how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working
	K14	the meaning of person-centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting each person as an individual
	K15	the prime importance of the interests and well-being of the individual
	K16	the individual's cultural and language context
	K17	how to build trust and rapport in a relationship
	K18	how your power and influence as a leader and manager can impact on relationships

	K19 K20 K21 K22 K23 K24 K25 K26 K27 K28	the role of independent representation and advocacy for individuals how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain individuals' dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences how to work in ways that achieve positive outcomes for individuals how to manage resources to deliver services that meet targets and achieve positive outcomes for individuals how to distinguish between outputs and outcomes how to distinguish between outputs and outcomes how to work in partnership with individuals, key people and others how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work how to challenge and address poor practice how to address concerns and complaints how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise
	K29 K30	the nature and impact of factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development of individuals you care for or support theories underpinning our understanding of human development
	Personal	and factors that affect it
You need to know and understand:	K31	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about empowerment and citizen directed services
	K32	how to identify and promote the potential of individuals to use their personal strengths and resources to achieve change
	K33	the value and role of family networks, communities and groups in achieving positive outcomes, and ways to develop them
	K34	the nature of personalisation and personalised services, including self directed support
	K35	the range of resources available within informal networks, within the wider community, through formal service provision and through innovation
	K36	how assistive technology can be used to support the independence of individuals
	K37	how to lead, manage and support others to plan, deliver and review personalised services with individuals
	Continui	ng professional development
You need to know and understand:	K38 K39	principles of reflective practice and why it is important your role in developing the professional knowledge and practice of

		others
	K40	how to promote evidence based practice
	K41	methods of managing performance to meet targets and achieve positive outcomes
	K42	how to assess performance
	K43	how to provide constructive feedback to others on their practice and performance
	K44	how to address performance that does not meet required standards
	K45	how to use supervision to support the practice and performance of others
	K46	how to use appraisal to support the practice and performance of others
	K47	systems, procedures and practices for managing workloads
	K48	methods for delegating work
	Commun	ication
You need to know and understand:	K49	factors that can affect communication and language skills and their development in children, young people or adults
	K50	methods to promote effective communication and enable individuals to communicate their needs, views and preferences
	K51	factors that can affect communication within and between
	K52	organisations
	NJ2	methods to promote effective communication within and between organisations
	Health ar	nd Safety
You need to know and understand:	K53 K54	legal and statutory requirements for health and safety your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment
	Safe-gua	rding
You need to know and understand:	K55	legislation and national policy relating to the safe-guarding and protection of children, young people and adults
andorotana.	K56	the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices
	K57	indicators of potential harm or abuse
	K58	how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties
	K59	what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to

	K60 K61	address them local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures that relate to safeguarding and protection from harm or abuse how to support others who have expressed concerns about harm or abuse
	Multi-dis	ciplinary working
You need to know and understand:	K62 K63 K64	the purpose of working with other professionals and agencies the remit and responsibilities of other professionals and agencies involved in multi-disciplinary work features of multi-disciplinary and interagency communication
	K65	how different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of practice can affect partnership working
	Handling	information
You need to know and understand:	K66	legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information
	K67	legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
	K68	principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information
	K69	how to support the effective sharing of information to achieve positive outcomes for individuals
	K70	how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
	K71	how to use evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion to support professional judgements in records and reports
	K72	how and where electronic communications can and should be used for communicating, recording and reporting
	Leading	and managing practice
You need to know and understand:	K73	how to critically analyse theories about leadership and management
	K74	standards of practice, service standards and guidance relating to the work setting
	K75 K76	national and local initiatives to promote the well-being of individuals models of practice for the use of early interventions
	K77	lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries into serious failures of health or social care practice and from

		successful interventions
	K78	methods of supporting others to work with and support individuals,
		key people and others
	K79	how to lead and manage practice that achieves positive outcomes
		for individuals
	K80	methods of supporting others to recognise and take informed action
		against discrimination
	K81	how to develop systems, practices, policies and procedures
	K82	how to implement, monitor and evaluate systems, practices, policies
		and procedures
	K83	how to promote the services and facilities of your work- setting
	K84	techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
	K85	how to motivate others
	K86	how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories
	1/07	and models of good practice about change management
	K87	how to use change management techniques
	Risk mai	nagement
You need to know and	K88	how to critically evaluate principles and frameworks of risk
understand:		assessment and risk management
	K89	principles of positive risk-taking
	K90	how to lead others to develop practice that supports positive risk-
		taking
	Managin	g people
You need to know and	K91	legal and work-setting requirements for employment practices
understand:	K92	internal and external governance arrangements for the work-setting
	K93	factors that can lead to pressures on the service, individual and
		team performance
	K94	how to manage time, resources and workload of self and others
	K95	how to manage team dynamics
	K96	how to create a culture that promotes openness, creativity and
		problem solving
	K97	how to create a culture that supports people to embrace change
	Specific	to this NOS
You need to know and	K98	leadership and management methods, principles and approaches
understand:		relevant to marketing, costing and contracting the service provision
	K99	evidence based theories and models of good practice on marketing,

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costing and contracting care services

- K100 principles of branding, quality and pricing
- K101 ways of promoting and marketing the service provision
- K102 how to identify different markets to expand and develop the service provision
- K103 how to identify and market the unique aspects of the service provision
- K104 additional sources of funding available for potential markets and development opportunities
- K105 risk assessment and management associated with marketing, pricing, tendering and contracting and the financial viability of the service provision
- K106 fixed and variable costs associated with marketing, pricing, tendering and contracting
- K107 the importance of cash flow

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Additional Information

Scope/range related to performance criteria

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS

Costing would include the calculation of unit costs for specific services that your provision offers. It will take account of the local market for that particular service

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decisionmaking

Governance the way in which the provision is governed and directed as required by the organisation, legislation, regulation, standards, local and national guidelines and policies

The **individual** is the person you support or care for in your work

Marketing would include methods and strategies for selling the goods, services and facilities offered by the service provision

Relevant others key people within and outside the provision with whom it is beneficial to work and who can influence the provision and the outcomes for the provision and people within it

Tendering opportunities could be for new contracts, existing contracts that are due for renewal or requests for services from individual purchasers

Viability would include the ability of the provision to sustain its activities in terms of financial, human, physical and environmental requirements and services in both rapidly changing and planned circumstances

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Scope/range related to knowledge and understanding

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All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

In relation to all knowledge statements you need to know and understand the specified areas of knowledge and be able to critically apply the knowledge and understanding in your leadership and management practice

Critically analyse is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

Critically evaluate is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decisionmaking

Employment practices should include recruitment, performance management, disciplinary procedures, grievance procedures

Evidence based practice uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and those involved in the delivery of care services

Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development may include adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic

spectrum disorder; dementia; family circumstances; frailty; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); mental health; physical disability; physical ill health; poverty; profound or complex needs; sensory needs; social deprivation; substance misuse

Leadership is the ability to provide strategic direction and a sense of purpose. Effective leaders create a sense of trust, confidence and belief, inspiring people to adopt the values and behaviours they promote. They are innovative, creative and motivating

Management is the ability to set the operational direction and organise the effective running of the service provision to meet the overall service needs including ethical, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements. Effective managers facilitate and organise resources in order to optimise the performance of others, allowing them to carry out tasks and achieve goals efficiently and effectively. They provide clarity and accountability that enable teams to meet their objectives

Outcomes are the changes or differences that individuals or care services are trying to achieve. Hard outcomes are changes that are clear and obvious, or those that involve a visible change in people's behaviour or circumstances. Soft outcomes are changes that are less easy to observe and measure, or those that involve more subtle changes inside people such as a change in someone's attitude, sense of well-being or how they see or feel about themselves

Outputs are the tangible products, services or facilities that are a result of organisational activities or the activities of those involved in the delivery of the service provision. Outputs may be used to achieve outcomes

Personalisation can be defined as 'changing the power balance so that each person really does have choice and control over the care services that they want. From being a recipient of services, individuals become involved in selecting and shaping the services they use'. Personalisation is a social care approach that encompasses citizen-directed support; self-directed support; the use of direct payments or personal budgets; the provision of accessible information and advice on care and support and the promotion of independence and self-reliance amongst individuals and communities

Depending on how it is used the **power and influence** of leaders and managers may have either a positive or negative effect upon relationships

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Values

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

To be treated as an individual To be treated equally and not be discriminated against To be respected To have privacy To be treated in a dignified way To be protected from danger and harm To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language To access information about themselves

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