Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people



### **Overview**

This standard identifies the requirements associated with leading and managing the provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people. It includes leading and managing child centred practice that puts the child at the centre of the service delivery.

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# Performance criteria

Lead and manage service provision that supports the development of children and young people through child centred practice

#### You must be able to:

- P1 implement systems, procedures and practice that support the **development** of children and young people through **child centred practice**
- P2 lead practice that recognises the **rights** of children and young people
- P3 lead practice that meets children and young people's needs for continuity, and the development of **positive**, **secure and healthy attachments and relationships**
- P4 lead practice that provides opportunities for children and young people to engage in a range of leisure activities and experiences which take account of their **background**, preferences and abilities
- P5 lead practice that supports children and young people to make decisions and take control over their lives
- P6 lead practice that ensures the **active participation**, independence and responsibility of children and young people
- P7 lead practice that recognises and respects children and young people's background and preferences
- P8 ensure that workers have access to **development opportunities** that support them to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to deliver child centred practice
- P9 develop a child centred culture within the service provision that supports positive relationships and the participation of children and young people
- P10 ensure that you and **others** engage with children and young people and **key people** in ways that support all aspects of their development
- P11 ensure that children and young people are supported to participate in the identification of outcomes and how these will be achieved and evaluated
- P12 ensure that risk management plans are used to support children and young people to achieve positive outcomes
- P13 lead on the management of multi-agency working to ensure that positive outcomes are achieved and the development needs of children and young people are met

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

# Manage the implementation of systems, procedures and practice that support the development of children and young people

ensure the active participation of children and young people in

ensure that workers consider the impact of the life experiences,

culture and history of children and young people on their

assessments of their development needs

You must be able to:	P14	implement systems, procedures and practice that support the development of children and young people in the context of
		legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
	P15	ensure that workers comply with systems, procedures and practice
		guidance that support the development of children and young people
	P16	manage practice that supports children and young people to
	1 10	develop positive, secure and healthy attachments and relationships
	P17	ensure that workers role model positive behaviour to children and
	F 17	young people
	P18	manage practice that provides opportunities for participation and
		provides a range of experiences for children and young people
	P19	manage practice to ensure that children and young people are
		supported to have a <b>healthy lifestyle</b>
	P20	manage practice that ensures that children and young people are
		able to balance their free and structured time
	P21	manage practice that ensures that children and young people are
		provided with opportunities to engage in activities that support their
		social and community inclusion
	P22	ensure that there are sufficient resources available to support the
		development of children and young people
	P23	ensure that workers have access to <b>specific development</b>
		opportunities to support them to develop the knowledge,
		understanding and skills required that assist children and young
		people to achieve positive outcomes
	P24	manage practice for the regular observation, assessment and
		review of children and young people's development
	P25	ensure that assessments of children and young people are child
		centred, valid and draw on a range of different information sources
	P26	ensure that workers engage with children and young people and
		others to assess the developmental needs of children and young

people

development

P27

P28

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

P29	ensure that workers are able to identify when the development of a child or young person is different from agreed norms
P30	support workers to access additional support or <b>specialist</b> intervention to address the development needs of children and young people
P31	ensure that workers support children and young people to make positive and appropriate decisions about their lives
P32	ensure that workers compile plans to meet the development needs of children and young people in partnership with the child or young person, key people and others
P33	ensure that plans are child centred and have clear and measureable targets and outcomes
P34	ensure that there are sufficient resources available to implement plans
P35	support workers to make creative use of resources to meet the development needs of children and young people
P36	ensure that assessments and plans are accurately recorded and maintained in line with legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements
P37	ensure that workers monitor and record the progress of children and young people towards the achievement of positive outcomes
P38	ensure that achievement of positive outcomes are recognised and celebrated
P39	ensure that plans to support the development of children and young people are adapted to meet changing needs
P40	ensure that accurate records and reports of children and young people's development are maintained in line with legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements

# Critically evaluate systems, procedures and practice that support the development of children and young people

You must be able to:	P41	lead the evaluation of systems, procedures and practice that support the development of children and young people
	P42	critically evaluate practice to ensure that it places the child or
		young person at the centre of everything
	P43	monitor the relationships between workers and children and young people
	P44	ensure workers reflect on the quality of their relationships with

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

	children and young people
P45	gather feedback from children and young people and key people or
	the quality of their relationships with workers and the support
	provided to assist the achievement of positive outcomes
P46	critically analyse the extent to which systems, procedures and
	practice support the development of children and young people
P47	interpret the analysis of systems, procedures and practice to report
	on areas of good practice and areas for improvement
P48	identify the changes required to meet areas that need to be
	improved
P49	identify the resources required to implement recommended
	changes

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

# Knowledge and understanding

#### **Rights** K1 You need to know and legal and work setting requirements on equality, diversity, understand: discrimination and rights K2 your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which promote individuals' rights, choices, wellbeing and active participation K3 your duty to report any acts or omissions that could infringe the rights of individuals K4 how to **critically evaluate** and take informed action against discrimination K5 the rights that individuals have to make complaints and be supported to do so K6 how to ensure that individuals are informed about the service they can expect to receive K7 your role in developing and maintaining systems, procedures and practices which ensure that individuals have access to information about themselves in a format they can understand

### Your practice

to address them

K8

You need to	know	and
understand:		

K9 legislation, statutory codes, standards, frameworks and guidance relevant to your work, your work setting and the content of this standard
 K10 your own background, experiences and beliefs that may have an impact on your practice
 K11 your own roles, responsibilities and accountabilities with their limits

conflicts and dilemmas that may arise in relation to rights and how

- and boundaries
- K12 the roles, responsibilities and accountabilities of others with whom you work
- K13 how to access and work to procedures and agreed ways of working
- K14 the meaning of person-centred/child centred working and the importance of knowing and respecting each person as an individual
- K15 the prime importance of the interests and well-being of the individual
- K16 the individual's cultural and language context

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

K17	how to build trust and rapport in a relationship
K18	how your power and influence as a leader and manager can
	impact on relationships
K19	the role of independent representation and advocacy for individuals
K20	how to work in ways that promote active participation and maintain individuals' dignity, respect, personal beliefs and preferences
K21	how to work in ways that achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K22	how to manage resources to deliver services that meet targets and achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K23	how to distinguish between outputs and outcomes
K24	how to work in partnership with individuals, key people and others
K25	how to identify and manage ethical conflicts and dilemmas in your work
K26	how to challenge and address poor practice
K27	how to address concerns and complaints
K28	how and when to seek support in situations beyond your experience and expertise
K29	the nature and impact of factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development of individuals you care for or support
K30	theories underpinning our understanding of human development and factors that affect it

#### Personalisation and resources

# You need to know and understand:

- K31 how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories and models of good practice about empowerment and citizen directed services
- K32 how to identify and promote the potential of individuals to use their personal strengths and resources to achieve change
- K33 the value and role of family networks, communities and groups in achieving positive outcomes, and ways to develop them
- K34 the nature of **personalisation** and personalised services, including self directed support
- K35 the range of resources available within informal networks, within the wider community, through formal service provision and through innovation
- K36 how assistive technology can be used to support the independence of individuals
- K37 how to lead, manage and support others to plan, deliver and review personalised services with individuals

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

### **Continuing professional development**

You need to know and	
understand:	

- K38 principles of reflective practice and why it is important
- K39 your role in developing the professional knowledge and practice of others
- K40 how to promote evidence based practice
- K41 methods of managing performance to meet targets and achieve positive outcomes
- K42 how to assess performance
- K43 how to provide constructive feedback to others on their practice and performance
- K44 how to address performance that does not meet required standards
- K45 how to use supervision to support the practice and performance of others
- K46 how to use appraisal to support the practice and performance of others
- K47 systems, procedures and practices for managing workloads
- K48 methods for delegating work

#### Communication

# You need to know and understand:

- K49 factors that can affect communication and language skills and their development in children, young people or adults
- K50 methods to promote effective communication and enable individuals to communicate their needs, views and preferences
- K51 factors that can affect communication within and between organisations
- K52 methods to promote effective communication within and between organisations

### **Health and Safety**

## You need to know and understand:

- K53 legal and statutory requirements for health and safety
- K54 your work setting policies and practices for monitoring and maintaining health, safety and security in the work environment

#### Safe-guarding

# You need to know and understand:

- K55 legislation and national policy relating to the safe-guarding and protection of children, young people and adults
- K56 the responsibility that everyone has to raise concerns about

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

	possible harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practices	
K57	indicators of potential harm or abuse	
K58	how and when to report any concerns about harm or abuse, poor or discriminatory practice, resources or operational difficulties	
K59	what to do if you have reported concerns but no action is taken to address them	
K60	local systems and multi-disciplinary procedures that relate to safeguarding and protection from harm or abuse	
K61	how to support others who have expressed concerns about harm or abuse	
Multi-disciplinary working		

# You need to know and understand:

K62	the purpose of working with other professionals and agencies
K63	the remit and responsibilities of other professionals and agencies
	involved in multi-disciplinary work
K64	features of multi-disciplinary and interagency communication
K65	how different philosophies, principles, priorities and codes of
	practice can affect partnership working

### **Handling information**

You need to	know and
understand:	

K66	legal requirements, policies and procedures for the security and confidentiality of information
K67	legal and work setting requirements for recording information and producing reports within timescales
K68	principles of confidentiality and when to pass on otherwise confidential information
K69	how to support the effective sharing of information to achieve positive outcomes for individuals
K70	how to record written information with accuracy, clarity, relevance and an appropriate level of detail
K71	how to use evidence, fact and knowledge-based opinion to support professional judgements in records and reports
K72	how and where electronic communications can and should be used for communicating, recording and reporting

### Leading and managing practice

You need to know and understand:

K73 how to critically analyse theories about leadership and

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

management
standards of practice, service standards and guidance relating to
the work setting
national and local initiatives to promote the well-being of individuals
models of practice for the use of early interventions
lessons learned from government reports, research and inquiries
into serious failures of health or social care practice and from
successful interventions
methods of supporting others to work with and support individuals,
key people and others
how to lead and manage practice that achieves positive outcomes
for individuals
methods of supporting others to recognise and take informed action
against discrimination
how to develop systems, practices, policies and procedures
how to implement, monitor and evaluate systems, practices, policies
and procedures
how to promote the services and facilities of your work- setting
techniques for problem solving and innovative thinking
how to motivate others
how to critically evaluate evidence and knowledge based theories
and models of good practice about change management
how to use change management techniques
nagement

You need	to	know	and
understan	nd:		

K88	how to critically evaluate principles and frameworks of risk
	assessment and risk management
K89	principles of positive risk-taking
K90	how to lead others to develop practice that supports positive risk-
	taking

### Managing people

You need to know and understand:

K91	legal and work-setting requirements for employment practices
K92	internal and external governance arrangements for the work-setting
K93	factors that can lead to pressures on the service, individual and
	team performance
K94	how to manage time, resources and workload of self and others
K95	how to manage team dynamics

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

K96	how to create a culture that promotes openness, creativity and
	problem solving

K97 how to create a culture that supports people to embrace change

### **Specific to this NOS**

You need to	know and
understand:	

- K98 how to critically evaluate leadership and management methods, principles and approaches relevant to supporting the development of children and young people
- K99 how to critically evaluate literature, research, theories and models about child development
- K100 how individual children and young people may differ from agreed norms of development
- K101 how psychological, socio-economic, cultural and environmental factors impact on the development of children and young people
- K102 the impact of poverty, abuse, neglect and deprivation on the development of children and young people
- K103 how to critically analyse theories and evidence based practice related to the impact of relationships on the development of children and young people
- K104 how workers can develop positive, secure and caring, safe relationships with children and young people
- K105 the importance of stability and continuity in the lives of children and young people on their development
- K106 the impact of disruption in the lives of children and young people on their development
- K107 the impact that the service provision's location, physical structure, environment, relationship to the community, other services and agencies has on the achievement of positive outcomes for children and young people
- K108 how to manage and organise environments for children and young people that facilitate emotionally secure attachments and encourage emotional **well being** and emotional intelligence
- K109 the impact that the service provision's approach to health, learning, spiritual needs, leisure, independence and citizenship has on the achievement of positive outcomes for children and young people
- K110 how to promote healthy lifestyles for children and young people such as healthy eating, exercise and sexual health in accordance with national guidelines
- K111 the impact of social policy and social attitudes on the well being of

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

children and young people

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

### **Additional Information**

Scope/range related to performance criteria

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statements required for achievement of the NOS

**Active participation** is a way of working that regards children and young people as active partners in their own care or support rather than passive recipients. Active participation recognises each child or young person's right to participate in the activities and relationships of everyday life as independently as possible

A child's **background** is their unique mix of personal experiences, history, culture, beliefs, preferences, family relationships, informal networks and community

**Child centred practice** is practice that fully recognises the uniqueness of the child or young person and establishes this as the basis for planning and delivery of care and support

**Critically analyse** is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

**Critically evaluate** is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

Development would include the physical; sexual; behavioural; linguistic;

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

emotional and cognitive development of the child or young person and the ability to form and maintain positive relationships

**Development opportunities** may include a blend of educational programmes, training activities, mentoring, coaching, shadowing, induction, supervision, guided reading, research, action learning sets, peer group discussions

**Healthy lifestyle** would include nutrition, exercise and health needs that are met

**Key people** are those who are important to a child or young person and who can make a difference to his or her well-being. Key people may include family, friends, carers and others with whom the child or young person has a supportive relationship

**Others** are workers that you manage, your colleagues and other professionals whose work contributes to the individual's well-being and who enable you to carry out your role

**Positive, secure and healthy attachments and relationships** would be attachments and relationships that can make a positive contribution to an individual's well being and the achievement of positive outcomes

**Rights** are those embodied in the United Nations Convention of the Rights of the Child and those included in the Code of Practice

**Specialist intervention** would be interventions when the developmental norm of the child or young person differs from agreed norms and where specialist expertise is required. This may be in terms of delayed development, where early intervention is required or for advanced development in children and young people

Specific development opportunities would include development opportunities related to assessment; attachment; child development; communication; emotional intelligence; emotional well being; partnership working; positive behaviour support; promoting resilience; relationships; rights; separation and loss; sexuality; solution focused approaches; transitions

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

Scope/range related to knowledge and understanding

The details in this field are explanatory statements of scope and/or examples of possible contexts in which the NOS may apply; they are not to be regarded as range statement required for achievement of the NOS.

All knowledge statements must be applied in the context of this standard.

In relation to all knowledge statements you need to know and understand the specified areas of knowledge and be able to critically apply the knowledge and understanding in your leadership and management practice

**Critically analyse** is to examine something closely such as a policy, procedure, theory, complex situation, problem or an approach to practice – identifying the parts or issues that contribute to the whole product, situation or idea and determining how these different parts affect the quality of the whole product or how the individual issues affect the overall situation

Critical analysis involves a weighing-up of the factors concerned, for their contribution of strengths / weaknesses or advantages / disadvantages of a product or in a situation. Critical analysis is part of the process of understanding issues and developing original and creative responses

**Critically evaluate** is to weigh arguments for and against something, assessing all evidence, this could relate to factors such as models of care service delivery, policy development, theories, approaches to practice

Critical evaluation requires a weighing up and making judgements on factors such as currency, relevance, validity, outcomes, cost, sustainability, risk, and fitness-for-purpose of a product or a service against other products, services or ideas, using relevant criteria to frame the evaluation and inform decision-making

**Employment practices** should include recruitment, performance management, disciplinary procedures, grievance procedures

**Evidence based practice** uses systems, processes and 'practice wisdom' that has been proved to be effective in supporting the achievement of positive outcomes. Evidence may have been drawn from a variety of sources: research, both formal and informal, and the views and opinions of individuals, key people and those involved in the delivery of care services

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

Factors that may affect the health, wellbeing and development may include adverse circumstances or trauma before or during birth; autistic spectrum disorder; dementia; family circumstances; frailty; harm or abuse; injury; learning disability; medical conditions (chronic or acute); mental health; physical disability; physical ill health; poverty; profound or complex needs; sensory needs; social deprivation; substance misuse

**Leadership** is the ability to provide strategic direction and a sense of purpose. Effective leaders create a sense of trust, confidence and belief, inspiring people to adopt the values and behaviours they promote. They are innovative, creative and motivating

**Management** is the ability to set the operational direction and organise the effective running of the service provision to meet the overall service needs including ethical, legislative, regulatory and organisational requirements. Effective managers facilitate and organise resources in order to optimise the performance of others, allowing them to carry out tasks and achieve goals efficiently and effectively. They provide clarity and accountability that enable teams to meet their objectives

**Norms of development** may include physical; social; sexual; behavioural; linguistic; emotional and cognitive norms

**Outcomes** are the changes or differences that individuals or care services are trying to achieve. Hard outcomes are changes that are clear and obvious, or those that involve a visible change in people's behaviour or circumstances. Soft outcomes are changes that are less easy to observe and measure, or those that involve more subtle changes inside people such as a change in someone's attitude, sense of well-being or how they see or feel about themselves

**Outputs** are the tangible products, services or facilities that are a result of organisational activities or the activities of those involved in the delivery of the service provision. Outputs may be used to achieve outcomes

**Personalisation** can be defined as 'changing the power balance so that each person really does have choice and control over the care services that they want. From being a recipient of services, individuals become involved in selecting and shaping the services they use'. Personalisation is a social care approach that encompasses citizen-directed support; self-directed support; the use of direct payments or personal budgets; the provision of accessible

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

information and advice on care and support and the promotion of independence and self-reliance amongst individuals and communities

Depending on how it is used the **power and influence** of leaders and managers may have either a positive or negative effect upon relationships

**Well being** would include social, emotional, mental, cultural, spiritual and intellectual well being of children and young people

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

### **Values**

Adherence to codes of practice or conduct where applicable to your role and the principles and values that underpin your work setting, including the rights of children, young people and adults. These include the rights:

To be treated as an individual

To be treated equally and not be discriminated against

To be respected

To have privacy

To be treated in a dignified way

To be protected from danger and harm

To be supported and cared for in a way that meets their needs, takes account of their choices and also protects them

To communicate using their preferred methods of communication and language

To access information about themselves

Lead and manage provision of care services that supports the development of children and young people

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